## Routine tests during pregnancy





Your provider will use tests to check you and your baby's health during your pregnancy.

| Test                              | When it is done              | What it is   | How it is done   |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| Blood tests                       | At your first prenatal visit | Blood tests show blood<br>type, anemia, infections,<br>STDs, hormone levels and<br>immunities.   | Blood is drawn and sent to a lab.  |
| First Trimester<br>Screen         | At 10-14 weeks of pregnancy  | This test detects higher risk of defects in your baby. The blood test looks for certain substances. The ultrasound measures the thickness at the back of your baby's neck. | Blood is drawn and sent to a lab. The ultrasound is done in your provider's office.  |
| Glucose<br>Challenge<br>Screening | At 26-28 weeks of pregnancy  | This test detects a risk for gestational diabetes.   | Your provider gives you<br>a sugary drink. One<br>hour later, you have<br>blood drawn for testing<br>your blood sugar level. |
| Urine Test                        | Every prenatal visit         | This test can detect diabetes, infection or preeclampsia.  | You collect urine in a small cup. Your provider dips test strips in the urine to detect certain substances.                  |
| Group B Strep                     | At 35-37 weeks of pregnancy  | This test detects Group B<br>Strep (GBS) in your vagina.<br>This can cause infection to<br>pass to your baby during<br>delivery.   | Your provider will swab<br>your vagina and rectum<br>to test for GBS.  |

Tests and screenings help your provider keep you and your baby healthy during your pregnancy. These tests are very safe. If you have questions about tests, be sure to ask your provider.



Do you have health questions? Call our 24-hour Nurse Advice Line. We are here to help you.

English: **(888) 275-8750** Español: **(866) 648-3537** 

TTY/TDD: **711** 



